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From Forest to Sea

The Impact of Forestry on the Baltic Sea and How Nature-based Forestry Can
Contribute to Nutrient Uptake

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Natur och Miljö's new
campaign:

” From Forest to Sea ”



ÖSTERSJÖPROJEKTET
BALTICSEAPROJECT
ITÄMERIPROJEKTI



SVENSKA
LITTERATURSÄLLSKAPET
I FINLAND



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Nature-based solutions

Aim of campaign
→ Promote a cleaner
Baltic Sea



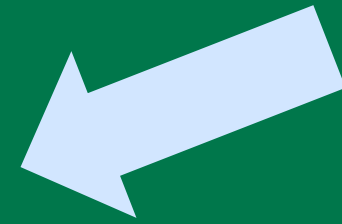
Nature-based forestry



Sustainable and circular reed management



Restoration of coastal environments





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WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

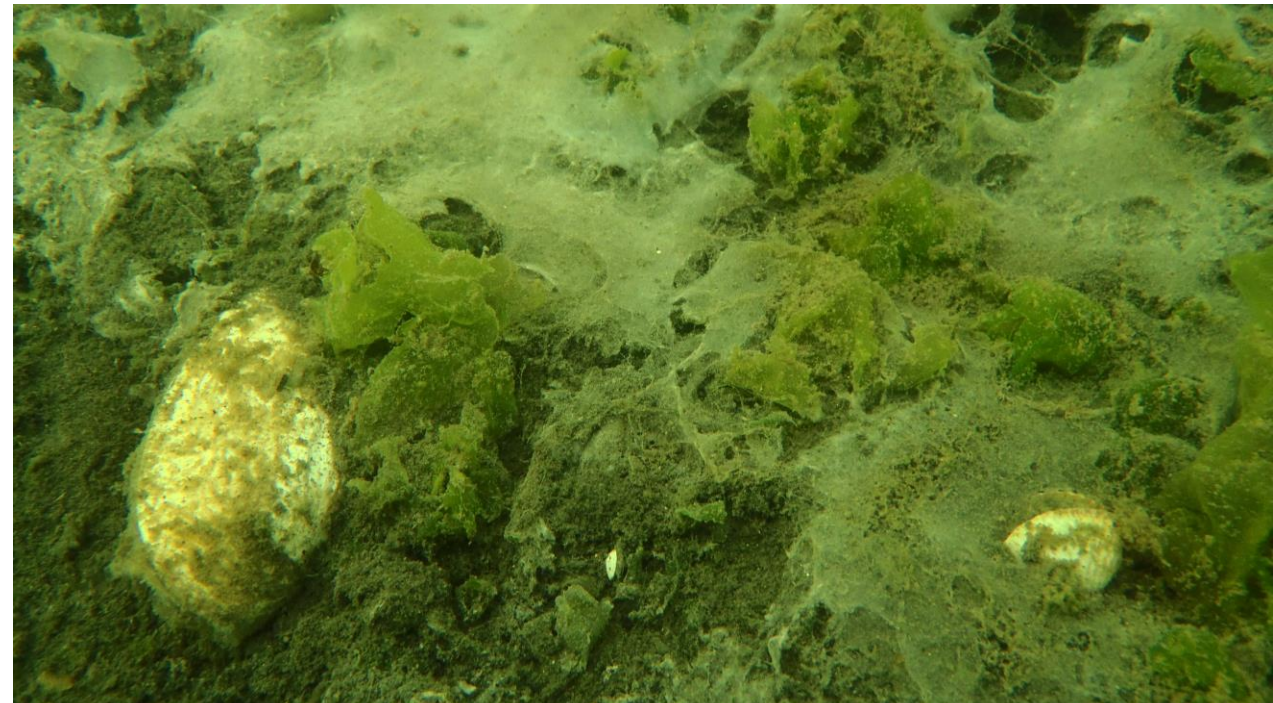
- The Baltic Sea maintains a unique ecosystem
- The Baltic Sea provides us with many ecosystem services
- The status of the Baltic Sea is not good
- Main threats:
 - Pollutants
 - Eutrophication
 - Climate change
- Human pressures need to stop to save the Baltic Sea

EUTROPHICATION

- Excess of nutrients → increased growth of organic material
- The Baltic Sea catchment area is over 1,7 million km²
- Leads to *algal blooms*, *oxygen depletion* and *dead zones*
- Exacerbated by climate change



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BROWNIFICATION

- Caused by organic matter, such as humus, dissolved organic carbon and iron runoff
- Mainly driven by anthropogenic factors: climate change, ditching, land use change etc.
- Affects species' life cycles and interactions, and hence ecosystems at large



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WHAT IS THE ROOT OF THE ISSUE?

- Antropogenic activites:
 - Agriculture
 - **Forestry**
 - Point emissions from society and industries
 - Scattered settlements
- Nutrient emissions have decreased since the 90's (nitrogen 12%, phosphorus 28%)



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- The forest

→ in

- 86 % of land area is forest
- Second largest nutrient emitter after agriculture in the country

Annual organic carbon emissions

≈ 78 000 tons

→ 4-8 % of total emissions

Annual nitrogen emissions

≈ 8500 tons

→ 10-15 % of total emissions

Annual phosphorus emissions

≈ 600 tons

→ 15-25 % of total emissions

NUTRIENT LOADING FROM FORESTRY

- Mainly caused by *ditching* and *drainge* of peatlands (drained peatlands makes up ¼ of the Finnish forestry)
- Other factors:
 - fertilisation
 - clear-cutting
 - clearing of buffer zones
- Problem area is Osterbothnia and middle of Finland
 - big impact on Bothnian Bay
- Impacts are amplified by climate change
- Bioeconomy risks an intesification of industries such as forestry





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NATURE BASED SOLUTIONS

- Ecosystem based solutions
- Solutions inspired by nature to tackle environmental and societal issues
- In practice = protect, restore and maintain ecosystems that contribute to creating a healthy and resilient environment as well as sustainable society



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NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS WITHIN FORESTRY:

- Creating bufferzones around watercourses
- Avoiding ditching and draining
- Avoiding "cleaning" ditches
- Filling old ditches to allow for the ground water level to stabilize
- Applying continuous cover and nature based forestry
- Avoiding forest fertilization (or use tree ash)
- Avoiding invasive ground preparation methods (e.g. plowing)
- Protect, restore and create wetlands

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Thank you for
listening!

Questions?

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